



## GEOPOLITICS AND THE STATE OF THE WORLD

29 September 2022

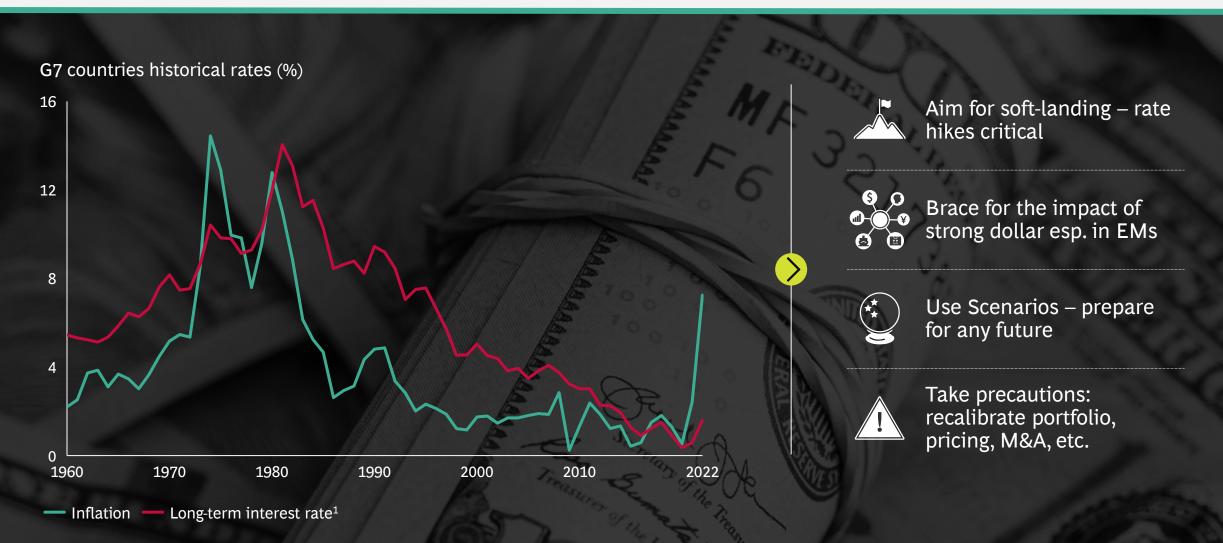


Nikolaus Lang BCG Global Leader -Global Advantage Practice

#### **Today's environment**

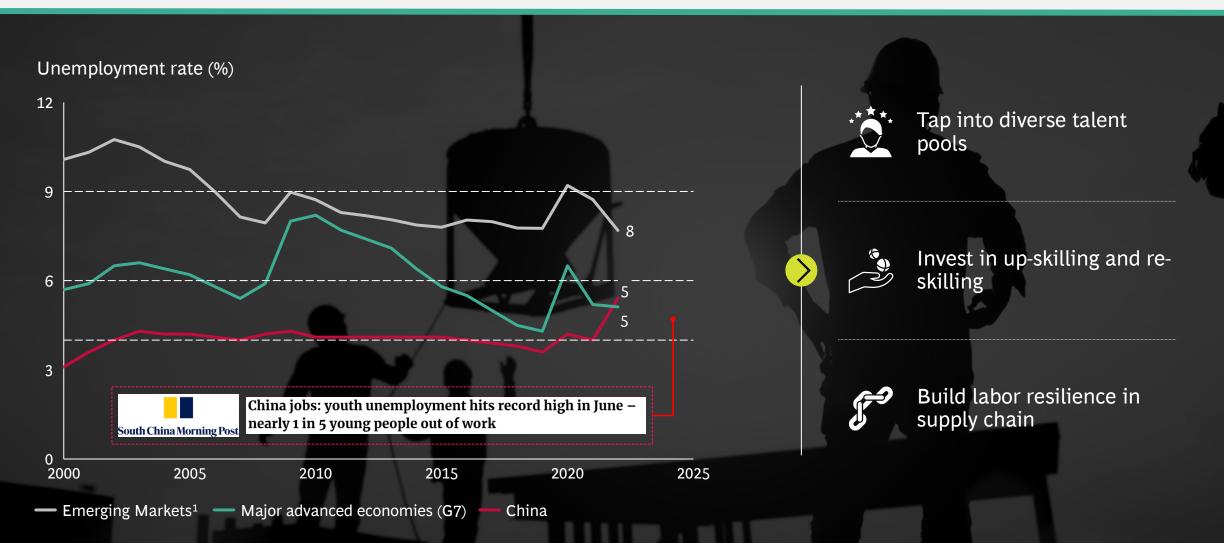


### Inflation - Are we facing inflation, recession, or both?



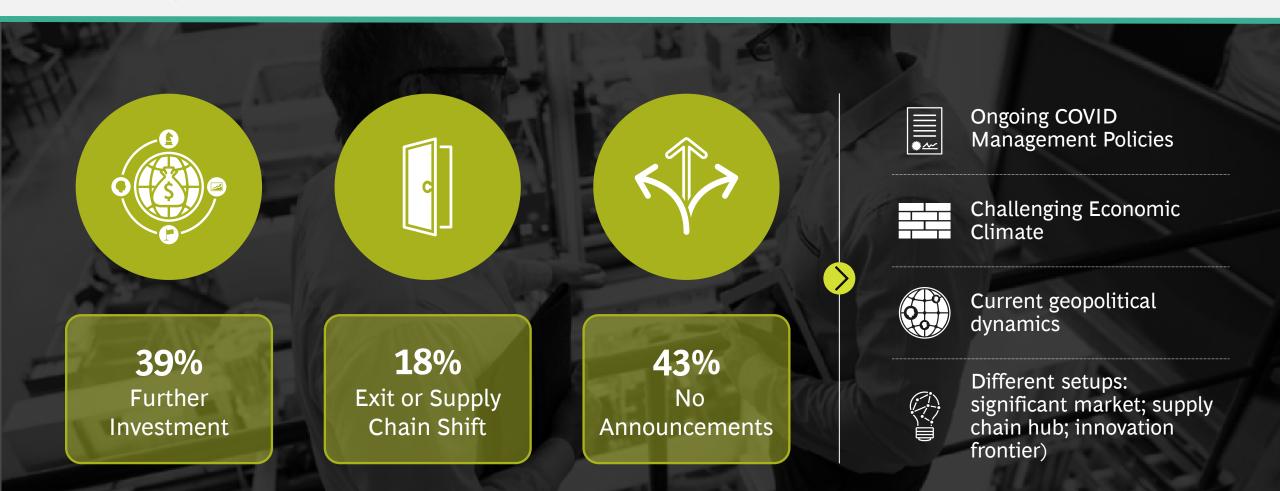
1. Italy (1960-1990) and Japan (1960-1989) data not available Source: World Bank – inflation, OECD – long-term interest rates, Trading Economics

#### Labor scarcity - is it now time to face the music?



1. Using IMF definition of Emerging Markets. India, Nigeria, Qatar, UAE not included due to data insufficiency Note: data points are averages of individual nations annual figures Source: IMF World Economic Outlook (April 2022), Trading Economics (September 2022)

# **Decoupling** - Rethinking China's role – what is the setup of future supply chains?



1. Including companies have limited business or no business in China. We have scanned public announcements during Jan 2018-Feb 2022 by 365 non-Chinese companies on the 2021 Fortune Global 500 list Source: Fortune Global 500 2021, Capital IQ, Lit research; BCG analysis **Energy trilemma** - How do we assure security and affordability while taking care of the climate and environment?

# Spice incode is march WIND CONTINUES Forses Meal with South China Morning Post China's 2022 heatwave + FOLLOW China drought highlights risks of relying on 'unsustainable' hydropower

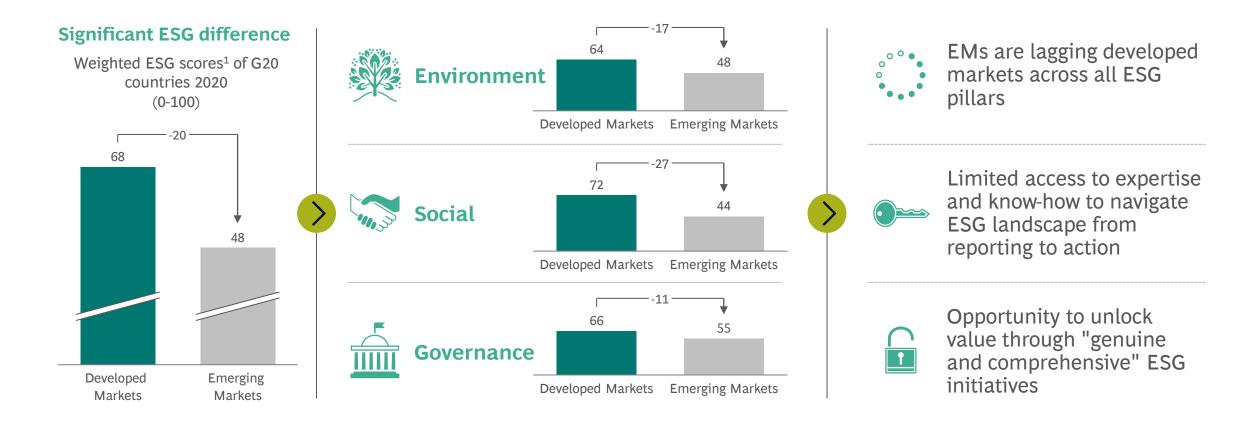
Energy volatility puts livelihood and manufacturing at risk

Geopolitical map redrawn – strategic partnerships & new deals

Diverging pace of energy transition

Food for thought: are renewables still reliable?

### A critical ESG gap | How do we close it?



1. Weighted scores acc. to market caps represented in the analysis above

Notes:1 ESG Reporters Percentage according to total market cap is 83% in Developed Markets, 78% in Emerging Markets

Notes 2: Developed Markets: USA, Japan, Germany, UK, France, Italy, Canada, South Korea, Australia, Spain, Netherlands, Switzerland, Singapore; Emerging Markets: China, India, Russia, Brazil, Mexico, Indonesia, Turkey, Argentina, South Africa, Saudi Arabia Source: Refinitiv, Statista, BCG analysis

### War in Ukraine - Global Economic Impact

Global Growth Outlook								
GDP Forecasts <sup>1</sup>								
	World Bank         Leading FIs           2021         2022         2022							
	Actual	Jan'22 Forecast	24 Aug – 14 Sep '22 Forecasts Median Minimur					
Russia	<b>4.7</b> %	2.4%	-6.0%	-15.0%				
Euro Zone Global	5.3% 3.9%	4.2% 4.1%	2.8% 2.9%	2.1% 0.8%				

Note: The World Bank slashed global forecast to 2.9% on 7 June

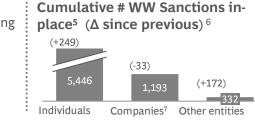
#### **Commodity Prices**<sup>4</sup>

Commodity price (actual, \$)							
Commodity	Jan 3 '22	Sep 15 '22	Change				
Crude Oil (\$/bbl)	79.0	89.6	+12%				
Gas (\$/MWh)	80.4	224.5	+179%				
Coal (\$/t)	157.5	434.5	+176%				
Wheat (€/bu)	274.0	322.3	+18%				
Rapeseed (€/t)	728.5	581.8	-20%				
Nickel (\$/t)	20,430.0	23,770.0	+17%				
Palladium (\$/oz)	1,826.0	2,131.3	+17%				

Supply Chain Metrics														
Deep Sea Cargo Bosporus			Deep Sea Cargo Port Calls			Baltic Dry Index								
Strait	s Trans	sits (Av	$s (Avg. #/day)^2$			$(Avg. \#/day)^2$			(Daily Avg) <sup>3</sup>					
	Pre-War	Prev. Wk	Curr. Wk	∆CW-		Pre-War	Prev. Wk	Curr. Wk	∆CW-		Pre-War	Prev. Wk	Curr. Wk	∆CW-
	(Nov '21)	(8/31-9/6)	(9/7-9/13)	PreWar		(Nov '21)	(8/30-9/5)	(9/6-9/12)			(Nov '21)	(9/1-9/7)	(9/8-9/14)	PreWar
Northbound	8.9	5.6	6.0	-33%	Ukraine	4.5	0.1	0.9	-80%	BDI <sup>3</sup>	2780	1094	1330	-52%
Southbound	9.6	5.7	6.1	-37%	Russia	21.6	16.7	20.3	-6%					

#### Updates since 10 July

- Sanctions pace slows but enforcement seen e.g. US penalizes Iran company shipping drones to Russia
- EU tightens "6<sup>th</sup> round" with gold ban and full restrictions on Sberbank
- Russia continues retaliation, e.g. adds 8 to "unfriendly country list;" slows Nord Stream 1 "until sanctions are lifted"
- Germany responds to Nord Stream 1 slow down by seizing 3 Rosneft assets





1. GDP forecasts from World Bank and FIs per Bloomberg database (30-56 FIs per forecast period) 2. Deep Sea Cargo: oil tankers MR & up, bulkcarriers Panamax & up, containerships 3,000+ TEU, VLGCs, LNG carriers 60,000+ cbm & PCTCs 6,000+ ceu. Clarksons Research (https://www.clarksons.com/) Clarkson Research Services Limited ("Clarksons Research"). Clarksons Research 2021, All rights in and to Clarksons Research services. information and data ("Information") are reserved to and owned by Clarksons Research, Clarksons Research, its group companies and licensors accept no liability for any errors or omissions in any Information or for any loss or damage howsoever arising. No party may rely on any Information contained in this communication. Please also see the disclaimer at https://www.clarksons.net/Portal/disclaimer, which also applies. No further distribution of any Information is permitted without Clarksons Research's prior written consent. Clarksons Research does not promote, sponsor or endorse the content of this communication. 3. https://www.bloomberg.com/quote/BDIY:IND; Baltic Dry Index (BDI) is index of avg price paid for transport of dry bulk mat'ls across 20+ routes 4. S&P Capital IQ. 5. Total sanctioned actions, incl. duplication. Source: corrective.org 6. Numbers in parenthesis () indicates increase /decrease since last update. Where there is a decrease this is because reclassification due to definitions, and company action recategorization from one to another. 7. Yale Chief Exec Leadership Inst.. Note: BCG does not provide legal or regulatory advice

#### War in Ukraine - Future scenarios

Milit	ary conflict ce	Military con	flict persists	
<b>Fall of</b> <b>Ukraine</b> Russian forces control full country	David defeats Goliath Ukraine repels Russian forces	Freeze in-place (Korea 2.0) Negotiated peace / de facto partition	No end in sight (Afghanistan 3.0) Protracted stalemate	<b>Global</b> <b>spillover</b> Further conflicts in other theatres



= Momentum scenarios, focus of next page

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#### War in Ukraine - Two scenarios are most likely

### Freeze in-place Korea 2.0

Certain sanctions lifted Major re-build required Uncertainty over potential conflicts

BCG analysis. Note: These analyses

## No end in sight Afghanistan 3.0

Sanctions remain indefinitely
Significant socioeconomic impact
Sustained isolation of Russia

#### ILLUSTRATIVE – FOR DISCUSSION



#### Back to the future

Major powers see benefits in global cooperation and minimized military conflicts

#### Tripolar competition

Western & Eastern blocs coexist in new balance, while "non-aligned" nations seek 3<sup>rd</sup> path; norms and institutions differ within and among blocs





Chronic conflict in Ukraine & elsewhere in non-NATO former Soviet republics; China keeps distance from Russia; economies survive sanction shock; West-inspired institutions struggle for relevance



#### **Global escalation**

Economic & military confrontations erupt in multiple locations, disrupting trade patterns; economic & military power supplants institutional system

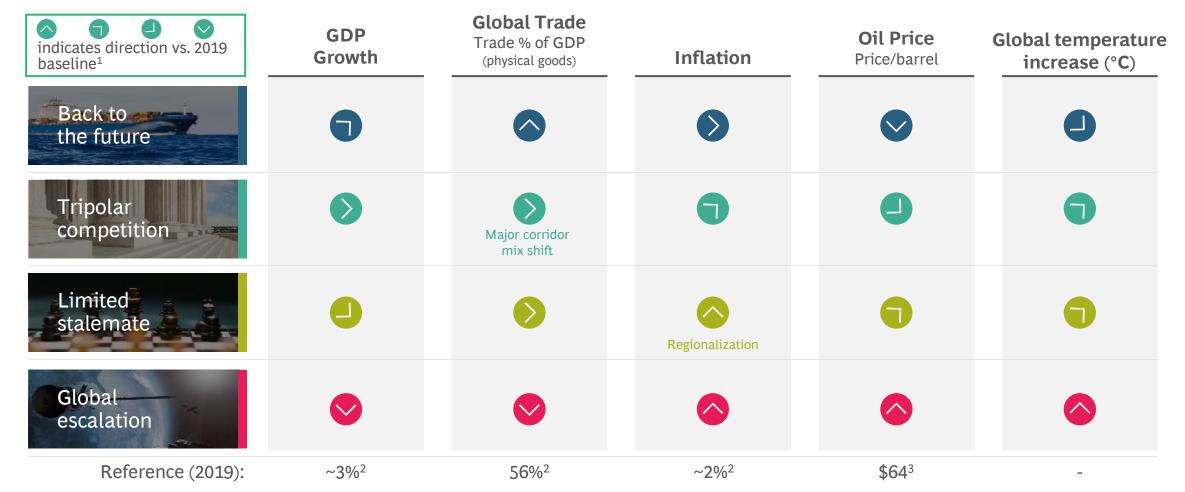
## World 2030 Future scenarios

Note: These analyses represent only potential scenarios and are not intended as a prediction or forecast Source: BCG analysis

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**ILLUSTRATIVE – FOR DISCUSSION** 

### World 2030 | Scenario impact on KPIs



1. 2019 selected as pre-Covid baseline. Directions indicate temporary changes over the medium term; not static/permanent views; 2. World Bank; 3. Average Brent crude oil price, Statista. Source: BCG analysis. Note: These analyses represent only potential scenarios and are not intended as a prediction or forecast

#### Six 'no regret' moves to navigate uncharted territory



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